ThyssenKrupp Materials International



Ferritic Heat Resisting Steel

Material Data Sheet

Steel Designation: Name Material No.

X10CrAlSi18 1.4742

Scope

This data sheet applies for hot and cold rolled sheet and strip, semi-finished products, bars, rods and sections.

Application

For constructions parts, which should be resistant to scaling up to about 1000 °C and extensively inured to the effects of sulfureous gases. The inclination to carburization in reduced gases is very low.

Chemical composition (heat analysis in %)

| Product form | С | Si | Mn | Р | S | Cr | Al |
|-----------------|--------|-----------|--------|---------|---------|-------------|-----------|
| C, H, P, L | ≤ 0,12 | 0,70-1,40 | ≤ 1,00 | ≤ 0,040 | ≤ 0,015 | 17,00-19,00 | 0,70,1,20 |

C = cold rolled strip; H = hot rolled strip; P = hot rolled sheet; L = semi-finished products, bars, rolled wire and sections

Mechanical properties at room temperature in the annealed condition

| Product form | Thickness a | HB max. | Proof strength ³⁾ | Tensilestrength ¹⁾ | | Elongation A % min | |
|-----------------|------------------|------------|--|-------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | or diameter d | 1)2)3) | | | Long | 100 00 00 00 00 | oducts |
| | mm | | R _{p1,0} R _{p0,2} N/mm² _{min} | R _m N/mm² | products ³⁾ | 0,5 ≤ a/d < 3 | 3 ≤ a/d |
| C,H,P | a≤12 | 212 | 270 | 500 - 700 | 10 | 134)5) | 15 ⁴⁾ 15 ⁵⁾ |
| | <i>d</i> ≤ 25 | 212 | - 270 | 500 - 700 | 15 | 15*** | 15 ⁴⁾ 15 ⁵⁾ |

The maximum HB values may be raised by 100 units or the maximum tensile strength value may be raised by 200 N/mm² and the minimum elongation value be lowered to 20 % for cold worked sections and bars of ≤ 35 mm thickness.

Estimated average values about the long-term behaviour at elevated temperatures (for quidance only)

| Temperature | Temperature 1 %-Elongation ¹⁾ for | | Rupture ²⁾ for | | | |
|-------------|--|----------|---------------------------|----------|-----------|--|
| | 1000 h | 10 000 h | 1000 h | 10 000 h | 100 000 h | |
| °C | N/mm² | | N/mm² | | | |
| 500 | 80 | 50 | 160 | 100 | 55 | |
| 600 | 27,5 | 17,5 | 55 | 35 | 20 | |
| 700 | 8,5 | 4,7 | 17 | 9,5 | 5 | |
| 800 | 3,7 | 2,1 | 7,5 | 4,3 | 2,3 | |
| 900 | 1,8 | 1,0 | 3,6 | 1,9 | 1,0 | |

¹⁾ Stress related to the out put cross-section, which leads after 1000 or 10 000 h to a permanent elongation of 1 %.

²⁾ For guidance only.

³⁾ For rod, only the tensile values apply.

⁴⁾ Longitudinal test piece

⁵⁾ Transverse test piece

²⁾ Stress related to the out put cross-section, which leads after 1000, 10 000 or 100 000 h to breakage.

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Reference data on some physical properties (for guidance only)

| Density at 20 °C | Thermal conductivity W/m K at | | Specific heat capacity at 20 °C | Electrical resistivity at 20 °C | |
|------------------|-------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| kg/dm³ | 20 °C | 500 °C | J/kg K | Ω mm 2 /m | |
| 7,7 | 19 | 25 | 500 | 0,93 | |

Coefficient of linear thermal expansion 10⁻⁶ K⁻¹ between 20 °C and

| 200 °C | 400 °C | 600 °C | 800 °C | 1000 °C |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| 10,5 | 11,5 | 12,0 | 12,5 | 13,5 |

Guidelines on the temperatures for hot forming and heat treatment

| Hot fo | rming* | Heat treatmentg +A (annealed), Microstructure | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|---|--------------------------|----------------|--|
| Temperature °C | Type of cooling | Temperature °C | Type of cooling | Microstructure | |
| 1100-800 | Air | 800 - 860 ¹⁾ | Air, Water ²⁾ | Ferrite | |

If heat treatment is carried out in a continuous furnace, the upper part of the range specified is usually preferred or even exceeded.

Processing / Welding

Standard welding processes for this steel are:

TIG-welding MAG-welding solid wire Arc welding (E)

Submerged arc welding (SAW)

| Process | Filler metal | | higher alloyed | | |
|-----------------|-----------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|--------------|--|
| TIG | - | | Thermanit D / 1.4829 | | |
| MAG solid wire | Thermanit 17 / 1.4015 | | Thermanit D / 1.4829; L/1.4820 | | |
| Arc welding (E) | Thermanit 17 / 1.4015 | | Thermanit D / 1.4829; L/1.4 | 820 | |
| SAW | Wire | Powder | Wire | Powder | |
| SAW | Thermanit 17 / 1.4015 | Marathon 213 | Thermanit L / 1.4820 | Marathon 213 | |

Ferritic chrome steels are heat sensitive. Therefore the steel 1.4742 should be welded with lowest possible heat input by using thin electrode diameter, low current intensity and stringer bead welding.

For wall thicknesses under 3 mm, it is not necessary to preheat 1.4742. For thicker construction parts (> 3 mm) the preheating and interpass temperatures 200 – 300 °C should not be under respectively over run.

1.4742 can be processed with similar or higher alloyed filler metals. With sulfureous atmospheres a ferritic top layer should be layed on the media side (Thermanit L 1.4820).

²⁾ In special cases, furnace cooling is also permitted.

^{*} according to SEW 470

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Cold forming

When cold forming 1.4742, certain preventive measures should be observed. Sheets up to 3 mm thickness can be cold bended if necessary preheating with 200 - 300 °C should be done.

Products with thicknesses > 3 mm must be preheated up to 600 - 800 °C; concerning machinability 1.4742 can be compared to low carbon steel.

Embrittlement

While heating 1.4742 over about 950 °C embrittlement by grain growth occurs, which can be removed any more. A further embrittlement occurs in the temperature range between 400 and 550 °C (475 °C-embrittlement). A longer abidance within this temperature range should be avoided. This loss of ductility can be corrected by a short heating up to 700 and 800 °C.

In the temperature range of 600 to 900 °C 1.4742 has the affinity to sigma-phase-embrittlement, so that after longer application within this temperature range the ductile values are strongly reduced. The steel should not come into operation within this temperature range, if mechanical stress is existent.

Remark

The material is magnetizable.

Editor

THYSSENKRUPP MATERIALS INTERNATIONAL GMBH

Technical Sales / Quality Management

Am Thyssenhaus 1

45128 Essen:

References

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Stahl-Eisen-material bulletin 470:1976-02

MB 821 "Properties"

MB 822 "The converting of stainless steel"

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Important note

Information given in this data sheet about property or applicability of materials respective products is no assurance of characteristics but serve for description.

Information, with which we like to advise you, relate to the experience of the producers and our own. Warranty for the results of the treatment and application of the products cannot be granted.